

Final Drainage Report

Wildcat Ranch

October 03, 2005

Prepared for:

South Camp, LLC
2185 Quail Court
Grand Junction, CO 81503

Prepared by:

THOMPSON-LANGFORD CORPORATION
529 251/2 RD., SUITE B-210
Grand Junction, CO 81505
PH. 243-6067

Job No. 0668-010

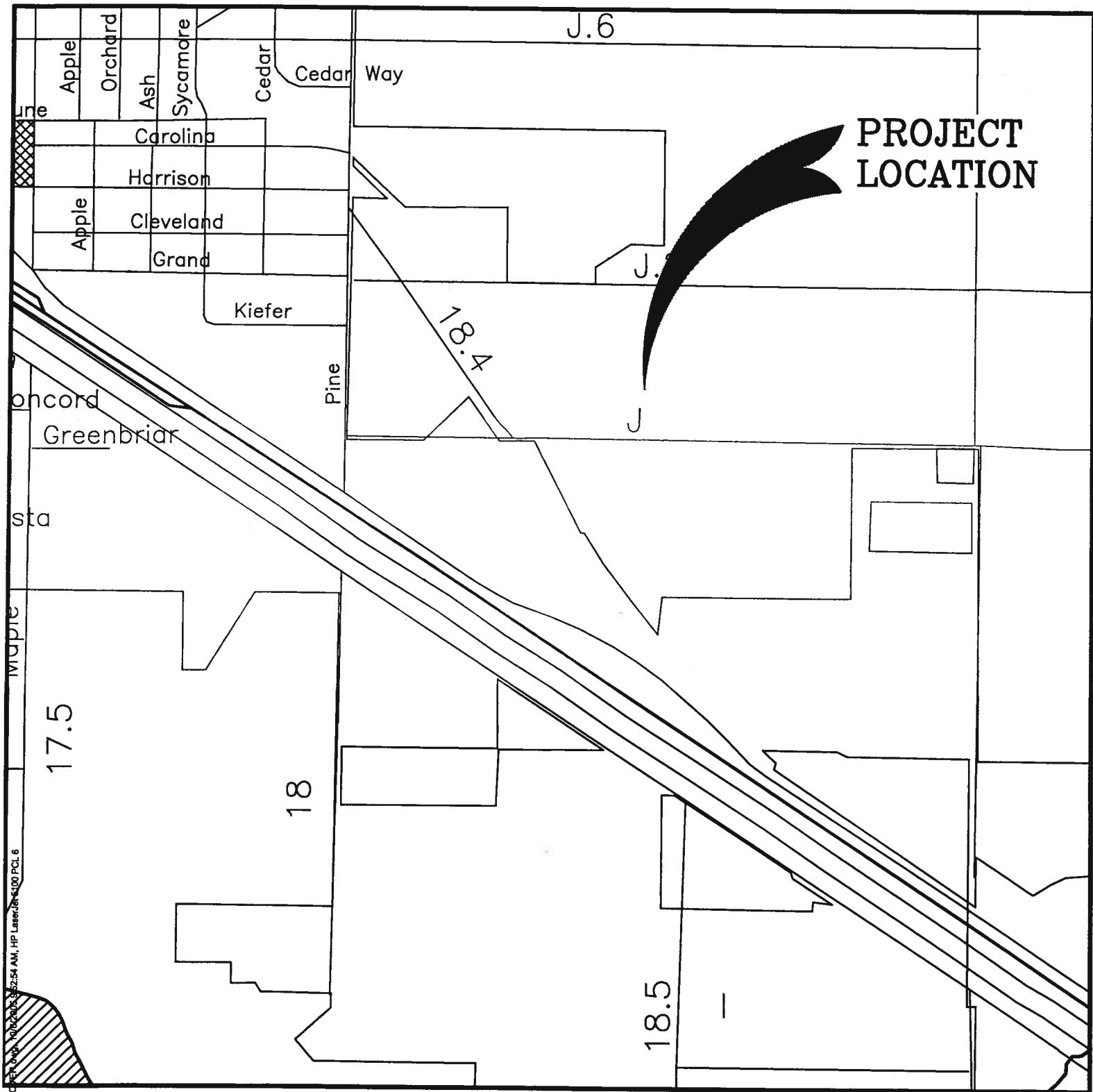
TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Vicinity Map	
Engineer's Certification	
I. GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION	
A. Site and Major Basin Location	1
B. Site and Major Basin Description	1
II. EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS	
A. Major Basin	1
B. Site	2
III. PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS	
A. Changes in Drainage Patterns	2
B. Maintenance Issues	2
IV. DESIGN CRITERIA AND APPROACH	
A. General Considerations	3
B. Hydrology	3
C. Hydraulics	3
V. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
A. Runoff Rates for 2 and 100 Year Storm Events	4
B. Retention	5
B. Overall Compliance	5

APPENDIX

- Runoff Coefficients
- Time of Concentration, Rainfall Intensities and Runoff Rates
- Retention Volume
- SCS Soils Map and narrative
- Hydrologic Soils Group Reference
- Major Basin Map
- Drainage Conditions Map, Historic
- Drainage Conditions Map, Developed

VICINITY MAP
FOR
WILDCAT RANCH SUBDIVISION



THOMPSON-LANGFORD CORP.
529 25 1/2 RD., SUITE B210
GRAND JUNCTION, COLORADO
PH. (970) 243-6067

JOB NO. 0006-053

Engineer's Certification

I hereby certify that this report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision for the Owner's hereof.



Jeffrey W. Mace, P.E.
Reg. No. 37343

I. GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION:

A. Site and Major Basin Location:

The proposed Wildcat Ranch development is located at 1840 J Road, along the north side of J Road just east of J.3 Road. In more legal terms, it lies with the Southern ½ of the Southeast ¼ of the Southwest ¼ of Section 16, Township 1 North, Range 2 West of the Ute Meridian.

The only existing subdivisions in the vicinity of the proposed development are Kiefer's Orchard to the east and Monument View Subdivision to the northwest. The proposed Fruita middle school will be directly south across J Road. With the exception of some larger undeveloped lots, the developments in the vicinity are of similar type and size to the proposed subdivision.

B. Site and Major Basin Description:

The project site is approximately 4.5 acres with an existing home site on a small portion. The remainder of the site is irrigated agricultural land currently being used as pasture. Aside from the small home site, none of the property has been previously developed.

According to the GIS mapping for soil conditions available at Mesa County's internet web site, the area to be developed is included within an area of Fruitland Sandy Clay Loam. Fruitland Sandy Clay Loam is derived from alluvial deposits that came mostly from sandstone and shale. It is well drained soil with a low runoff classification and moderate permeability. These soil types are included in the SCS Hydrologic Soil Group B. More detailed information has been included in the Appendix of this report.

II. EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS:

A. Major Basin:

The site contributes to the Murray Drain. However, according to Mesa County GIS, the proposed development is geographically located within a major basin referred to as Basin 117. Basin 117 is situated in between the major basins of Little Salt Wash and Adobe Creek. Little Salt Wash and Adobe Creek basins originate with the Bookcliffs and terminate at the Colorado River. Basin 117 originates where these two basins intersect near the intersection of 20 and L Roads and also ends at the Colorado River.

The predominant drainage pattern for the major basin area is characterized by overland flow sloping towards the river at varying grades. Channels, ditches and canals intermittently cross the sloping ground surface collecting surface runoff as well as ground water and typically flow from northeast to southwest. The construction of major arterial roads such as J Road and 19 Road also serves to intercept and collect surface water runoff. Consideration of these parameters led to the watershed boundary definitions of the major basin.

This site is not affected by any previously determined floodplain.

B. Site:

Runoff from the site is collected in the Murray Drain shortly downstream of the project. Sheet flow is collected on conveyed off site by means of the roadside ditch along J Road which is intercepted by a combined open channel/underground conveyance system which discharges into the Murray Drain. The project site is gradually sloping from northeast to southwest with approximate grades varying from zero to one percent. There are existing features that define this sub basin. The upper limit to the local watershed is defined on the northern edge by the Kettles Drain. Similarly, J Road forms the lower boundary along the south edge of the property. Open ditches cut along the eastern and western property lines form the remaining boundaries.

III PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS:

A. Changes in Drainage Patterns

The overall drainage patterns for the major basin are not being significantly altered. Due to the increase in impervious from development, some increase in runoff will be noticed from historic to developed conditions. While there may be a slight increase over historic rates leaving the site, the major basin will not notice an appreciable increase in the 2-year or 100-year flows as a result of retention. Release from the retention facility will be at a rate high enough to empty the pond within 48 hours but not to exceed 50% of the properties historic release rate.

Historic drainage patterns within the site will remain intact, where possible, in an effort to minimize the impact of the development of this parcel on surrounding properties. The majority of developed runoff will be collected in curb and gutter and swales and conveyed off site in a route similar to historic.

B. Maintenance Issues:

Maintenance of the on-site collection and conveyance facilities within the right of way will be the responsibility of the City of Fruita. Facilities outside of the right of way will be maintained by the Homeowners Association.

IV DESIGN CRITERIA AND APPROACH:

A. General Considerations:

As previously mentioned, the site contributes to the Murray Drain. At some locations downstream from the site, the Murray Drain is reportedly at or above capacity. As a means to help alleviate this, the retention pond will discharge at a rate considerably less than historic. Developed discharge will be limited to less than 50% of historic flows at the request of the city.

Storm water runoff for the 2-year and 100-year events were quantified using the Rational Method as detailed in Section VI "Hydrology" of the Storm water Management Manual for the City of Grand Junction and Mesa County dated May 1996.

The 2-year and the 100-year design storms will be considered when sizing all proposed drainage features. On-site swales and culverts will be sized to carry the 2-year and 100-year storm water flows. For areas where storm sewer pipe crosses through private property, or within easements, the storm sewer will be designed to carry the 100-year runoff volume while flowing 80% full.

The analysis and design procedures as outlined in the Storm Water Management Manual for the City of Grand Junction and Mesa County (SWMM) were adhered to during the design of all on-site collection and storm conveyance facilities proposed for the subdivision.

B. Hydrology:

Runoff coefficients used in the Rational equation were based on the hydrologic soil group index for the soil type found within the project. According to the GIS website for Mesa County, the dominant soil types have a hydrologic soil group index of "B".

For historic conditions the runoff coefficient for "Bare Ground" was used. For post-developed conditions coefficients representing residential development at a density of 1/3 acre per unit were used. These coefficients were determined from Appendix "B" of the Mesa County/City of Grand Junction Stormwater Management Manual.

The maximum times of concentration used by the Modified Rational Method to determine maximum flow quantities for individual sub-basins will be a cumulative result of overland, curb and gutter, asphalt sheeting, graded swales and culvert flow times.

C. Hydraulics:

Flow capacity of curb and gutter, natural swales and underground conduits were calculated using Manning's Equation with the required flow resistance coefficients taken from appendices "G" and "H" of the SWWM.

V. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

A. Runoff Rates for 2 and 100 Year Storm Events

The results of the analyses performed on all basins are summarized in the following table. Please refer to the included drainage maps for basin and design point locations.

Runoff Rates

Basin ID	2 Year Runoff	100 Year Runoff
Developed		
D1a	0.27	1.97
D1b	0.09	0.63
D1c	0.06	0.41
D1	0.40	2.90
Historic		
H1	0.36	2.54

The on site storm sewer system carrying the 2-Year and 100-Year design storm flows was designed to convey the 100-Year flows with pipe flows at less than 80% full. Table II summarizes the calculations performed for the on site storm sewer. Off site storm sewer was sized comparably in capacity to downstream facilities.

Table II, On Site Storm Sewer

Reach No./Description	Type/Size	Slope	100-Year Flow (ft ³ /sec)	% of Capacity
Inlet 1	Single Curb	SAG	0.94	7.2
Inlet 2	Single Curb	SAG	1.97	15
Line A	15" HDPE	0.40 %	2.90	59
Line B	8" HDPE	0.50%	0.41	47

B. Retention

The values used to determine the total retention volume have been reproduced in the following table.

Total Retention Volume Calculation

Developed Runoff Coefficient, C_{100d}	Area Acres (ft^2)	Precipitation, $P_{100, 24hr}$ in (ft)	Volume (ft^3)
0.37	4.26 (185,565)	2.01	11,500

The time required to drain the 24 hour, 100 year storm water runoff out of the retention pond within 48 hours is approximately 30 gpm or 0.07 cfs, well below the required discharge of 50 % historic equal to 1.27 cfs or 570 gpm. The parameters used in this estimation are reproduced in the following table.

Retention Volume (ft^3)	Allowable Time (hours)	Minimum Required Pump Rate (gpm)	Minimum Required Pump Rate (cfs)
11,500	48	30.0	0.07

C. Overall Compliance

The calculations performed for the hydraulic elements of the proposed development indicate that the drainage system is capable of draining the project during the 2-year and 100-year storm events.

The development exceeds typical requirements in retaining developed runoff and discharging at a rate significantly lower than historic amounts contributed to the basin.

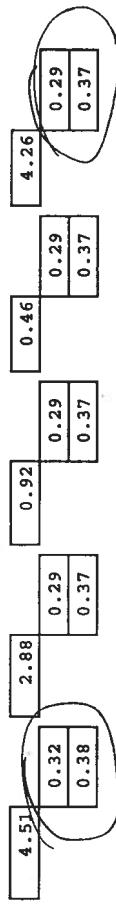
This report has been prepared using the joint City/County Storm Water Management Manual as a guide. The methods of analysis, recommendations and conclusions presented in this report are in conformance with these guidelines.

APPENDIX

COMPOSITE RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS
For: Wildcat Ranch
USING
GRAND JUNCTION RECOMMENDED RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS

Description Surface Area	Hydro. Soils Group	Slope <2% Runoff Coeff.	Sel. Coeff.	BASIN			BASIN			BASIN		
				HL Unit Area	Wt'd Unit Value	Dla Unit Area	Wt'd Unit Value	Dlb Unit Area	Wt'd Unit Value	D1 Unit Area	Wt'd Unit Value	BASIN
Pavement and Roofs	B	0.93	0.93	2-Yr. 100-Yr.	0.20	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	B	0.95	0.95		0.20	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bare Ground, Green landscaping, lawns and parks	B	0.22 to 0.30	0.28	2-Yr. 100-Yr.	4.12	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	B	0.28 to 0.36	0.34		4.12	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-green and gravel landscaping	B	0.42 to 0.50	0.48	2-Yr. 100-Yr.	0.19	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	B	0.48 to 0.56	0.54		0.19	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Residential Areas 1/3 Acre per Unit	B	0.25 to 0.33	0.29	2-Yr. 100-Yr.	0.00	0.00	2.88	0.84	0.92	0.27	0.46	0.13
	B	0.33 to 0.41	0.37		0.00	0.00	2.88	1.07	0.92	0.34	0.46	0.17

Total Basin Area:
COMPOSITE "C" VALUE (2-year)
COMPOSITE "C" VALUE (100-year)



TIME OF CONCENTRATION and RAINFALL INTENSITIES

For: Wildcat Ranch

BASIN H1		2-Year		100-Year	
Description of Flow	L ft.	S %	N* Mannings coef.	V ₂ vel. fps	V ₁₀₀ vel. fps
Overland*	200	1.00%	0.200	0.32	0.52
Shallow Concentrated Flow**	484.1	0.80%	0.255	0.52	0.52
Channel Flow***	0.00	0.56%	0.023	1.99	3.25
Curb and Gutter Flow****	0.00	0.50%	0.016	1.34	2.39
(from Flowmaster - d=2" for 2-Yr. & d=5" for 100-Yr.)				0.00	0.00
				85.8	51.3
				0.25	1.50

* T_o based on SCS formula pg. E-2 Storm Water Management Manual

** Figure "E-3", Pg. E-9, Storm Water Management Manual was used for shallow flows.

*** Mannings Equation was used to determine gutter and concrete pan flow velocities

an N value of 0.016 was used for concrete gutters and pans

For natural swales a flow of .25 cfs/AC was assumed for a 2 Year Storm and
a flow of 1.25 cfs/AC was assumed for 100 Year Storm

RUNOFF RATES (Q)

For: Wildcat Ranch

USING RATIONAL METHOD Q=CxCfxIxA

BASIN H1	Q Volume	C Coefficient	Cf Antecedent Precip. Fac. n/a	I* Intensity in/hr	A Basin Area acres
2-Yr	0.36	0.32	1	0.25	4.51
100-Yr	2.54	0.38	1	1.50	4.51

TIME OF CONCENTRATION and RAINFALL INTENSITIES

FOR: Wildcat Ranch

BASIN D1a

	L	S	N*	V ₂	V ₁₀₀	T _{t₂}	T _{t₁₀₀}	T _{C₁₀₀}	I	2-Year	100-Year
Description of Flow	Length ft.	Slope %	Mannings coef.	Vel. fps	Vel. fps	Travel Time min.	Travel Time min.	Concentration min.	Intensity	Intensity	
									Grd. Jctn.	Grd. Jctn.	
Overland*	128.3	1.70%	0.400								
Shallow Concentrated Flow**	0	0.73%	0.255	0.83	1.35	0.00	0.00	35.29	1.85	0.32	
Channel Flow***	0.00	0.55%	0.023	1.68	2.76	0.00	0.00				
Curb and Gutter Flow***	378.00	0.64%	0.016	1.83	2.39	3.44	2.64				
(from Flowmaster - d=2" for 2-Yr. & d=5" for 100-Yr.)											

* T₀ based on SCS formula pg. E-2 Storm Water Management Manual

** Figure "E-3", Pg. E-9, Storm Water Management Manual was used for shallow flows.

*** Mannings Equation was used to determine gutter and concrete pan flow velocities
an N value of 0.016 was used for concrete gutters and pans

For natural swales a flow of .25 cfs/AC was assumed for a 2 Year Storm and
a flow of 1.25 cfs/AC was assumed for 100 Year Storm

RUNOFF RATES (Q)

For: Wildcat Ranch

USING RATIONAL METHOD Q=CxCfIxA

BASIN D1a	Q Volume	C Composite Coefficient	Cf Antecedent Precip. Fac.	I*	A Rainfall Intensity Area
cfs	n/a	n/a	n/a	in/hr	Basin acres
2-Yr	0.27	0.29	1	0.32	2.88
100-Yr	1.97	0.37	1	1.85	2.88

TIME OF CONCENTRATION and RAINFALL INTENSITIES

For: Wildcat Ranch

BASIN D1b	2-Year			100-Year								
Description of Flow	L ft.	S Length %	N* Mannings coef.	V ₂ fps	V ₁₀₀ Vel. fps	T _{t2} Travel Time min.	T _{t100} Travel Time min.	T _{c2} Time of Concentration min.	T _{c100} Time of Concentration min.	I Intensity	I Intensity	
Overland*	126.2	1.50%	0.400			62.05	36.62	64.1	38.2			
Shallow Concentrated Flow**	0	0.51%	0.255	0.57	0.92	0.00	0.00				1.84	
Channel Flow***	0.00	2.25%	0.023	1.54	1.76	0.00	0.00				0.32	
Curb and Gutter Flow***	182.00	0.50%	0.016	1.48	1.88	2.05	1.61					
(From Flowmaster - d=2" for 2-Yr. & d=5" for 100-Yr.)												

* T_0 based on SCS formula pg. E-2 Storm Water Management Manual

** Figure "E-3", Pg. E-9, Storm Water Management Manual was used for shallow flows.

*** Mannings Equation was used to determine gutter and concrete pan flow velocities
an N value of 0.016 was used for concrete gutters and pans
For natural swales a flow of .25 cfs/AC was assumed for a 2 Year Storm and
a flow of 1.25 cfs/AC was assumed for 100 Year Storm

RUNOFF RATES (Q)

For: Wildcat Ranch
USING RATIONAL METHOD Q=CxCfxIxA

BASIN D1b	Q Volume	C Composite Coefficient	Cf Antecedent Precip. Fac.	I* Rainfall Intensity	A Basin Area acres
2-Yr	0.09	0.29	1	0.32	0.92
100-Yr	0.63	0.37	1	1.84	0.92

TIME OF CONCENTRATION and RAINFALL INTENSITIES
FOR: Wildcat Ranch
BASIN D1c

Description of Flow	L ft.	S slope %	N* Mannings coef.	V ₂ Vel. fps	V ₁₀₀ Vel. fps	2-Year		100-Year	
						T _{t₂} Travel Time min.	T _{t₁₀₀} Travel Time min.	T _{c₁₀₀} Concentration min.	I Intensity Curves
Overland*	88.8	2.00%	0.400	0.58	0.95	41.75	24.64	42.7	2.38
Shallow Concentrated Flow**	0	0.47%	0.255	0.86	1.39	0.00	0.00	25.3	0.43
Channel Flow***	51.00	1.00%	0.023	0.61	0.99				
Curb and Gutter Flow***	0.00	0.60%	0.016	2.72	0.00				
(From Flowmaster - d=2" for 2-Yr. & d=5" for 100-Yr.)									

* T₀ based on SCS formula pg. E-2 Storm Water Management Manual

** Figure "E-3", Pg. E-9, Storm Water Management Manual was used for shallow flows.

*** Mannings Equation was used to determine gutter and concrete pan flow velocities
 an N value of 0.016 was used for concrete gutters and pans

For natural swales a flow of .25 cfs/AC was assumed for a 2 Year storm and
 a flow of 1.25 cfs/AC was assumed for 100 Year storm

RUNOFF RATES (Q)

FOR: Wildcat Ranch
USING RATIONAL METHOD Q=CxCffxA

BASIN D1c	Q Volume	C Composite Coefficient	Cf Antecedent Precip. Fac.	I* Rainfall Intensity	A Basin Area
	cfs	n/a	n/a	in/hr	acres
2-Yr	0.06	0.29	1	0.43	0.46
100-Yr	0.41	0.37	1	2.38	0.46

TIME OF CONCENTRATION and RAINFALL INTENSITIES

For: Wildcat Ranch

BASIN D1		Description of Flow		L	S	N*	V ₂	V ₁₀₀	Tt ₂	Tt ₁₀₀	Tc ₂	Tc ₁₀₀	I	Intensity	100-Year
		Length	Slope	Mannings	Vel.	Vel.	Travel	Travel	Time	Time	Concentration	Grd. Jctn.	Grd. Jctn.	Curves	Curves
		ft.	%	coef.	fps	fps	min.	min.	min.	min.	min.				
	Overland*	126.2	1.50%	0.400					62.05	36.62	64.1	38.2		1.84	
	Shallow Concentrated Flow**	0	0.51%	0.255	0.57	0.92	0.00	0.00							
	Channel Flow***	0.00	2.25%	0.023	1.54	1.76	0.00	0.00							
	Curb and Gutter Flow***	182.00	0.50%	0.016	1.48	1.88	2.05	1.61							
(from Flownmaster - d=2" for 2-Yr. & d=5" for 100-Yr.)															

* T₀ based on SCS formula pg. E-2 Storm Water Management Manual

** Figure "E-3", Pg. E-9, Storm Water Management Manual was used for shallow flows.

*** Mannings Equation was used to determine gutter and concrete pan flow velocities
an N value of 0.016 was used for concrete gutters and pans

For natural swales a flow of .25 cfs/AC was assumed for a 2 Year Storm and
a flow of 1.25 cfs/AC was assumed for 100 Year Storm

RUNOFF RATES (Q)

For: Wildcat Ranch

USING RATIONAL METHOD Q=CxCfIA

BASIN D1	Q	C Composite Coefficient	Cf Antecedent Precip. Fac.	I*	A Rainfall Intensity in/hr	Basin Area acres
	cfs	n/a	n/a			
2-YR	0.40	0.29	1	0.32'	4.26	
100-YR	2.90	0.37	1	1.84'	4.26	

STORMWATER RETENTION (Within Grand Valley only)

For: Wildcat Ranch Subdivision

Date: 10/5/2005

Job. No. 0576-002

Total Retention (without overflow)

$$V = P_{10024hr} \times A \times C_{100d}$$

$P_{10024hr} = 2.01$ (See Table A-2, Pg A-4, SWMM)

$Area = 4.26 \text{ Ac.} = 185565.60 \text{ Ft}^2$

$C_{100d} = 0.37$ (See Table B-1, Pg B-3, SWMM)

$$V(\text{FT}^3) = \frac{P_{10024hr} \text{ (inches)}}{12} \times \text{AREA} \text{ (FT}^2\text{)} \times C_{100d}$$
$$= 11500.43 \text{ FT}^3$$

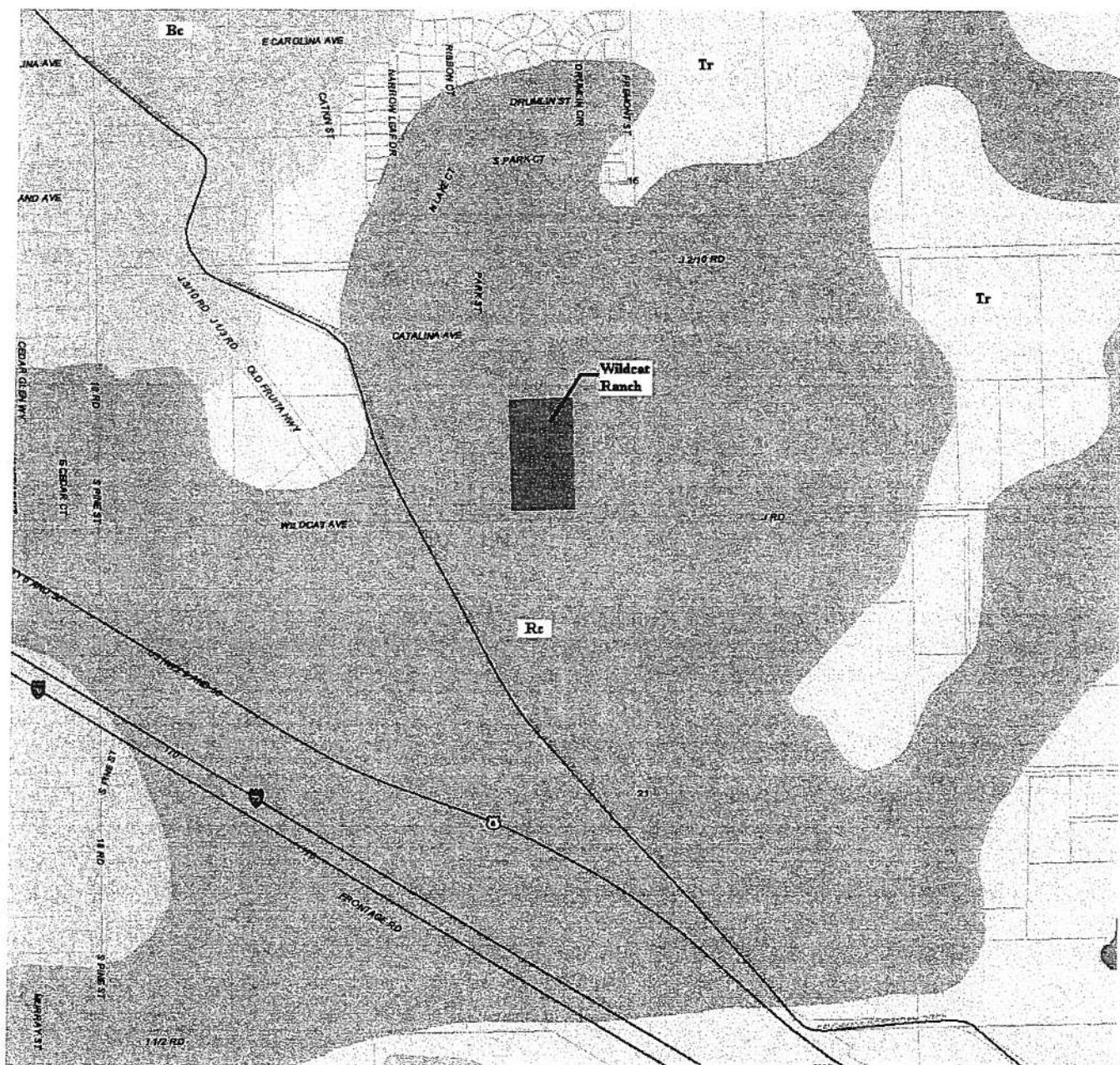
Minimum Drain Time

Allowable Drain Time (Hrs.) 48

100 Year Storage Volume (Ft^3) 11500.43

	Ft^3/Sec	Gallon/Min
Minimum Drain Time	0.07	29.87

Wildcat Ranch Subdivision Soils Type Map



Soils

Rec	Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Percent Slope	FARMLAND	Hot Link
1	Rc	Fruitland Sandy Clay Loam	0-2	Prime if Irrigated	Rc
1	Tr	Turley Clay Loam	0-2	Prime if Irrigated	Tr
1	Bc	Sagers Silty Clay Loam	0-2	Prime if Irrigated	Bc

Rc-Fruitland sandy clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

MLRA:

Elevation: 4,600 to 4,800 feet (1,402 to 1,463 meters)

Mean annual precipitation: 7 to 10 inches (178 to 254 millimeters)

Average annual air temperature: 50 to 54 degrees F. (10 to 12 degrees C.)

Frost-free period: 150 to 190 days

Map Unit Composition

Fruitland and similar soils: 90 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Component Descriptions

Fruitland soils

Landform: Alluvial fan

Geomorphic position: Unspecified

Parent material: Alluvium derived from sandstone and shale

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Surface fragments: Unspecified

Depth to restrictive feature: Unspecified

Drainage class: Well drained

Slowest permeability: About 0.60 in/hr (moderate)

Available water capacity: About 7.6 inches (moderate)

Shrink-swell potential: About 1.5 LEP (low)

Flooding hazard: None

Ponding hazard: Unspecified

Seasonal water table minimum depth: Greater than 6 feet

Runoff class: Low

Calcium carbonate maximum: About 10 percent

Gypsum maximum: None

Salinity maximum: About 2 mmhos/cm (nonsaline)

Sodicity maximum: About 0 SAR (nonsodic)

Ecological site: Unspecified

Potential native vegetation: Unspecified

Land capability (irrigated): 2e

Land capability (non irrigated): 7c

##

Typical Profile:

Ap-0 to 8 inches; sandy clay loam

C1-8 to 30 inches; stratified gravelly sandy loam to fine sandy loam

C2-30 to 60 inches; stratified sandy loam to fine sandy loam

##

Minor Components

Other Soils and similar soils

Composition: About 10 percent

Landform: Unspecified

Geomorphic Position: Unspecified

Slope: Unspecified

Depth to restrictive feature: Unspecified

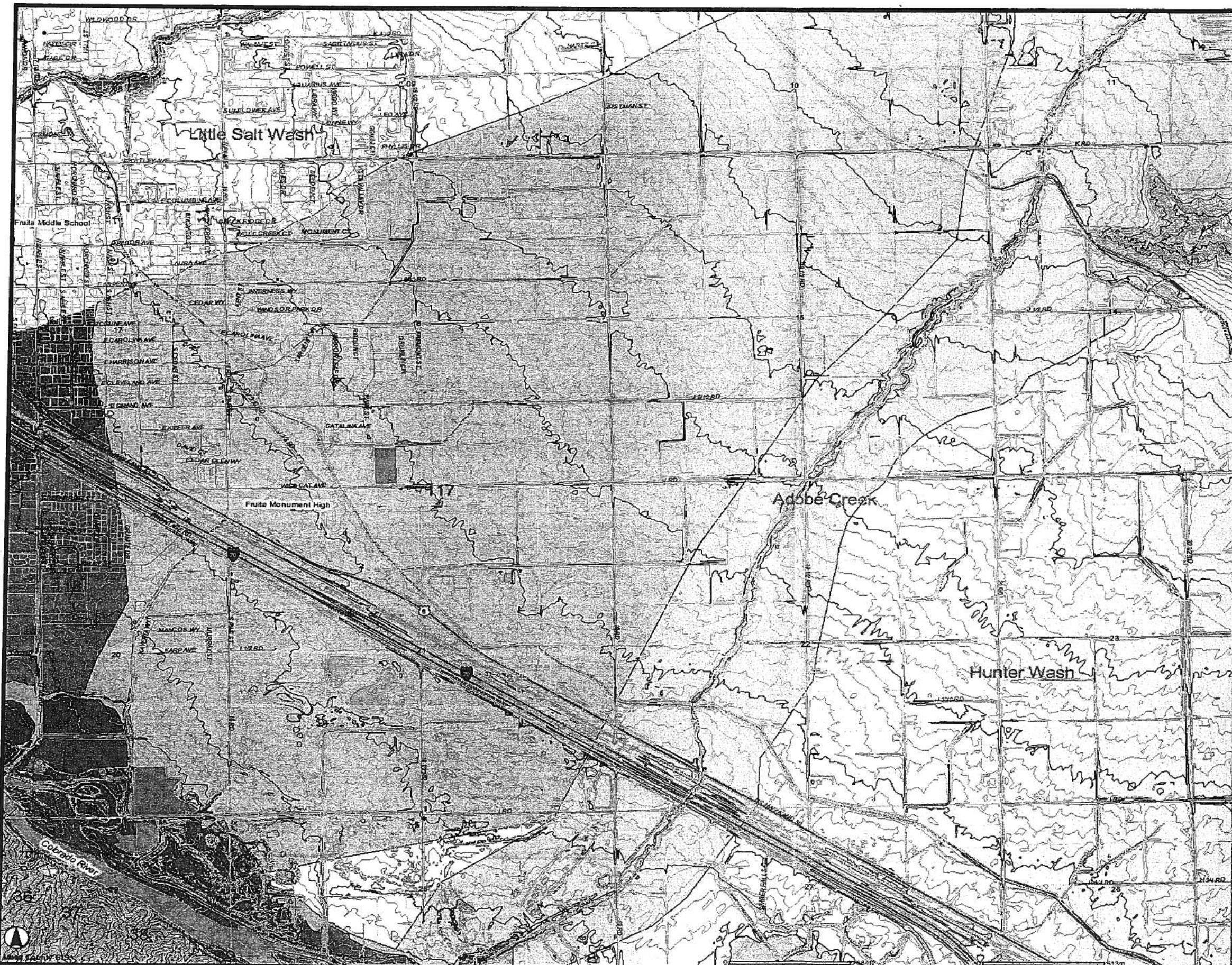
Drainage class: Unspecified

Ecological site: Unspecified

Exhibit A-1, continued: Hydrologic soil groups for United States soils

FREEST	C FULSHEAR	C GAPCOT	D GED	D GILISPIE
FREESTONE	C FULSTONE	D GAPO	D GEE	C GILLAND
FREETOWN	D FULTON	D GAPO, DRAINED	C GEEBURG	C GILLENDER
FREEWATER	B FULTS	D GAPPAYER	B GEEMORE	C GILLIAM
FREEZENER	P FULWIDER	D GARA	C GEER	B GILLIGAN
FREEZEOUT	B FUNTER	D GARRIER	B GEERTSEN	B GILLS
FRELSBURG	D FUQUAY	E GARRO	B GEFO	A GILLSBURG
FREMONT	C FURNISS	D GARPITT	S GEISEL	C GILMAN
FREN	B FURSHUR	D GARCENO	C GEKE	C GILMORE
FRENCH	C FURY	D GARCES	D GELKIE	B GILPAR
FRENCHCREEK	B FURY, DRAINED	C GARCIA	C GEM	C GILPIN
FRENCHJOHN	C FUSULINA	D GARCITAS	C GEM, STONY	D GILROY
FRENCHMAN	B FUSUVAR	D GAPCON	C GEMID	C GILSTON
FRENCHTOWN	D GAASTRA	C GARELLA	D GEMSON	B GILT EDGE
FRESHWATER	D GABALDON	R GARENNA	P GENAW	D GIMLETT
FRESNO	O GABBS	C CARDINEP	A GENEGRAF	B GINAT
SALINE-ALKALI	G GABBALLY	D GAPONER'S FORK	B GENEESE /	B GINEX
FRESNO, THICK	C GADEL	C GARDNERVILLE	C GENEVA	B GINGER
SOLUM	I GABICA	D GARDONE	A GENOAA	D GINI
FREWA	B GABINO	D GAREY	E GENOLA	B GINLAND
FREZNIX	D GACEY	E GARFAN	E GENTILLY	D GINNIS
FRIANA	D GACHADO	D GARFIELD	C GENTRY	D GINSER
FRIANT	D GACIBA	D GAPHILL	D GECONDA	C GIRARD
FRIDLO	C GADDES	C GARIPER	C GECHROCK	D GIRARDOT
FRIEDLANDER	C GADDY	A GARITA	E GEORGECKEE	B GIRO
FRIEDMAN	C GADSDEN	C GARLAND	E GEORGETOWN	D GIST
FRIENDS	C GADSDEN, WET	C GARLET	E GEORGEVILLE	B GITAKUP
FRIENDSHIP	A SUBSTRATUM	I GARLOCK	B GEORGIA	C GITAM
FRIES	D GADWELL	C GARMON	C GEPFORD	D GIVIN
FRIESLAND	B GAGEBY	B GARMORE	B GEPP	B GLACIERCREEK
FUJICLES	B GAGETOON	B GARNEL'	C GEPPERT	C GLADDEN
FRINOLE	C GAGIL	B GARNER	D GERALD	D GLADEL
FRINES	C GAHEE	B GARNES	B GERPER	D GLADEVILLE
FRIOT	B GAIK	D GARD	D GEDRUM	D GLADEWATER
FRIONA	C GAILA	B GARR	D GERING	B GLADSTONE
FRIDTON	C GAINES	C GARETSON	P GEPLACH	D GLADWIN
FRIPP	A GAINESBCRO	C GARRETT	S GERLANE	B GLASGOW
FRISCO	B GAINESVILLE	A GARRISON	E GERLE	C GLASSNER
FRISITE	B GALATA	D GARPOCHALES	D GERMANTOWN	B GLEAN
FRITZ	B GALBRETH	D GARSID	C GERMANY	B GLEASON
FRIZZELL	C GALCHUTT	C GARTCN	C GERMER	C GLEPE
FROBEG	D GALE	E GARVISON	C GERONI	B GLEN
FRODO	D GALEN	B GARVIN	D GERRARD	C GLENRAP
FROMHAN	C GALEPPI	B GARVIN	B/D GERRARD, DRAINED	E GLENBAR, WET
FROLIC	B GALESTINA	C GARZA	E GERST	D GLENBERG
FROLIC,	C GALESTOWN	A GARZNA	B GETAWAY	B GLENBLAIR
FLEXION	D GALEY	B GAS CREEK	D GESSIE	B GLENBLAIR, WET.
FROGLIC, FLOODED	C GALILEE	C GASCIENADE	D GESSNER	B/D GLENBROOK
FRONDORF	B GALISTEO	C GASIL	D GESTPIN	B GLENCARB
FRONTENAC	B GALISTEO,	C GASQUIT	B GETAWAY	E GLENCARB, WET.
FRONTIER	C SALINE-ALKALI	C GASSANAY	E GETCHELL	C SALINE
FRONTON	D GALLAND	C GASSYVILLE	D GETPAIL	D GLENCOE, PONDED
FROST	D GALLATIN	C GASTON	C GETTYS	C GLENCOE, RARELY
FROZARD	C GALLEGOS	B GAT	P GEWTER	D GLENDALE
FRUITA	B GALLEN	E GATES	P GEYSEN	C GLENDALE, WET
FRUITFIELD	A GALLIA	E GATESON	C GIBBLER	C GLENDALE, RARELY
FRUITHURST	C GALLIME	B GATEVIEW	B GIBBON	B FLOODED
<u>FRUITLAND</u>	B GALLION	B GATEWAY	C GIBBONSREEK	B GLENDERSON
FRUITLAND,	C GALLMAN	B GATEWOOD	C GIBBS	C GLENIVE
MUDERATELY WET	C GALLUP	E GATLIN	B GIBNEY	D GLENORA
FRUITLAND, WET	C GALOO	C/D GATOR	D GIBSONVILLE	C GLENEDEN
FRYE	C GALT	D GATTON	P GIBWELL	D GLENELG
FRYEBURG	B GALVA	P GAULDY	E GIDEON	C GLENFORD
FT. DPLM	C GALVESTON	A GAULEY	C GIELCY	C GLENHALL
FT. GREEN	D GALVEZ	C GAVEL	C GIFFORD	C GLENHAM
FUBAR	C GALVIN	D GAVILAN	C GIGGEP	B GLENMEN
FURBLE	D GALWAY	B GAVINS	D GILA	C GLENMORA
FUEGO	C GAMBLER	B GAVIOTA	D GILBERT	C GLENNALLEN
FUEGOSTA	D GAMBOA	B GAY	B/D GILBOA	D GLENOMA
FUERA	C GAMGEE	C GAYLESVILLE	D GILBY	B GLENPOOL
FUGAEE	B GANADO	D GAYLORD	C GILCHRIST	A GLENRIC
FUGHES	C GANCE	C GAYNCR	C GILCO	D GLENROSS
FULCHER	C GANDO	D GAYVILLE	D GILCREST	B GLENSTED
FULDA	C/D GANIS	D GAZELLE	D GILEAD	C GLENTON
FULLAM	C GANNETT	D GAZOS	C GILES	B GLENTON, WET
FULLER	D GANSNER	C GAZWELL	C GILFORD	B/D GLENTOSH
FULLERTON	B GANSNER, PONDED	D GEARHART	A GILFORD,	A GLENVIEW
FULMER	D GANY	B GEAPY	E STRATIFIED	B GLENVILLE
FULMER, DRAINED	C CAPSUTTE	B GEBSON	B SUBSTRATUM	C GLENYON

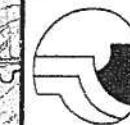
NOTES: TWO HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS SUCH AS B/C INDICATES THE DRAINED/UNDRAINED SITUATION.
MODIFIERS SHOWN, E.G., BEDROCK SUBSTRATUM. REFER TO A SPECIFIC SOIL SERIES PHASE FOUND IN SOIL MAP LEGEND.



Wildcat Ranch Major Basin

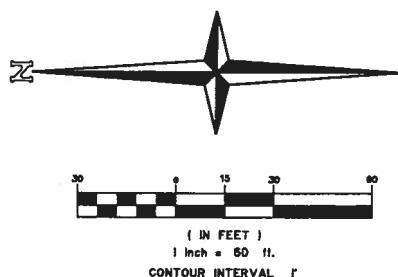
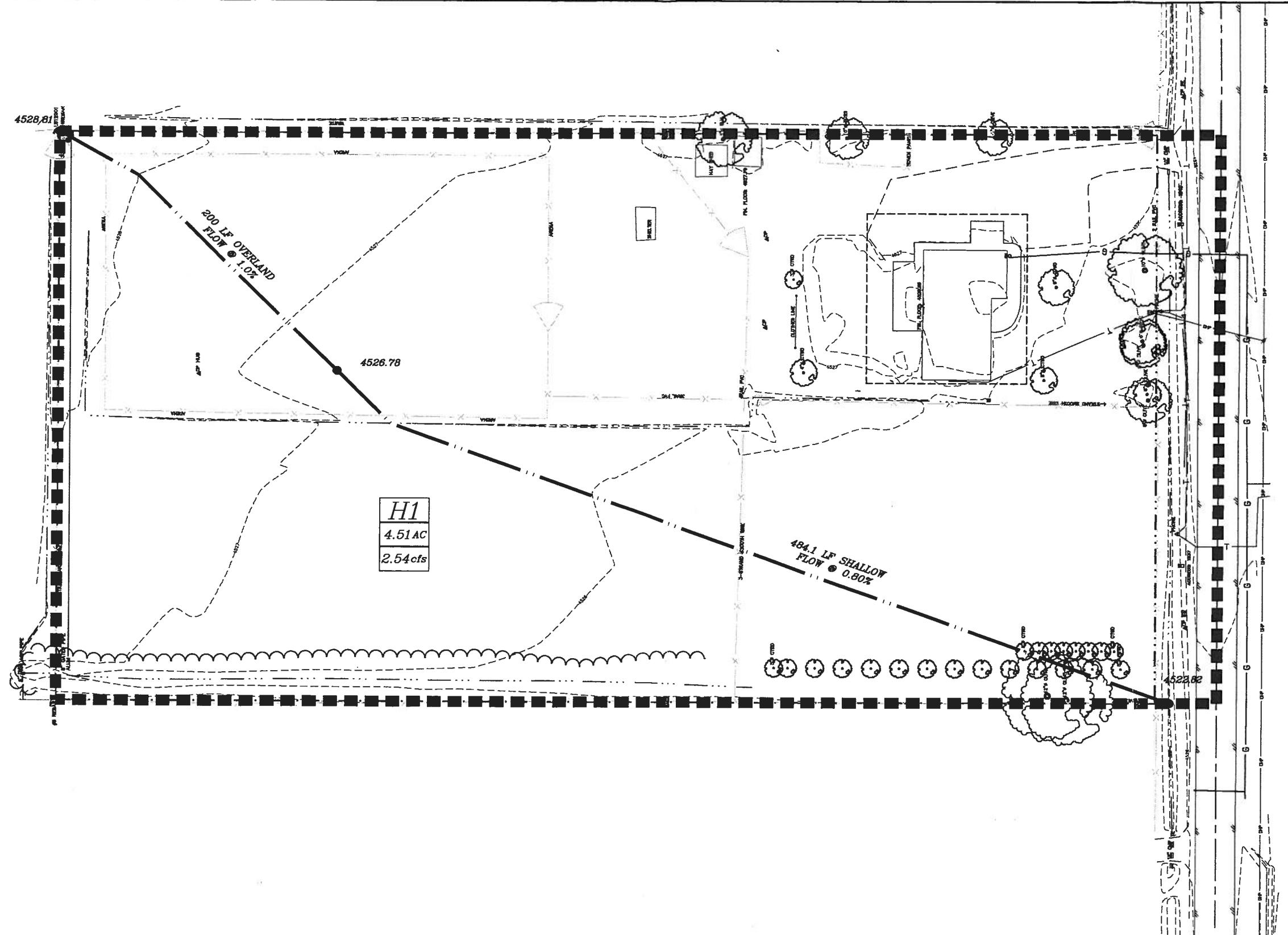
LEGEND

+	Hospitals	Colorado National Monument
*	Police Stations	BLM Special Areas
▲	Fire Stations	Black Ridge Canyons
■	Schools	Colorado-Canyons National Conservation Area
/	State Highways	BLM
/	Roads	National Forest
●	Lakes	
▽	Canals	



DISCLAIMER : The Geographic Information System (GIS) and its components are designed as a source of reference for answering inquiries, for planning and for modeling. GIS is not intended or does not replace legal description information in the chain of title and other information contained in official government records such as the County Clerk and Recorders office or the courts. In addition, the representations of locations in this GIS cannot be substituted for actual legal surveys.

Mesa County GIS
544 Rood Ave.
Grand Junction, CO 81501



LEGEND

R
3.38 AC
4.77 cfs

DRAINAGE BASIN
BASIN ACREAGE
Q100 FLOWRATE

DRAINAGE BOUNDARY

CURB & GUTTER FLOW
DIRECTION

DITCH FLOW DIRECTION

OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION

